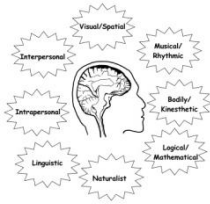


UNDERSTANDING LEARNING STYLES & DIFFERENCES



Multiple Intelligences and Learning Styles Matching Answer Key

- Linguistic ----- Ability to use words and language; highly developed auditory skills; generally eloquent speakers; think in words
- Logical/Mathematical ----- Ability to use reason, logic and numbers; thinks conceptually in logical and numerical patterns making connections between pieces of information; asks lots of questions and likes to do experiments
- Visual/Spatial ----- Ability to perceive the visual; tends to think in pictures; creates vivid mental images to retain information
- Musical/Rhythmic ----- Ability to produce and appreciate music; thinks in sounds, rhythms and patterns; responds to music either appreciating or criticizing what they hear; may be extremely sensitive and aware of environmental sounds
- Bodily/Kinesthetic ----- Ability to control body movements and handle objects skillfully; ability to express themselves through movement; has a good sense of balance and eye-hand co-ordination; ability to remember and process information through interacting with the space around them
- Interpersonal ----- Ability to relate and understand others; sees things from other people's point of view in order to understand how they think and feel; uncanny ability to sense feelings, intentions and motivations; great organizers; tries to maintain peace in group settings and encourages co-operation
- Intrapersonal ----- Ability to self-reflect and be aware of one's inner state of being; understands their inner feelings, dreams, relationships with others and strengths and weaknesses
- Naturalist ----- Ability to identify and classify the components that make up our environment, sensing patterns in and making connections to elements in nature; very interested in other species in the environment and the earth; has a strong affinity to the outside world or to animals; keenly aware of their surroundings and changes in their environment
- Auditory ----- Learns best by listening
- Visual ----- Learns best when seeing the relationships between objects/items
- Tactile/Kinesthetic ----- Learns best when moving or doing something physical with the information